

## Statement at the 71<sup>st</sup> World Health Assembly:

## Agenda Item 11.4 Health, environment and climate change

I deliver this statement on behalf of The Union, supported by the NCD Alliance and Vital Strategies. Latest evidence shows that 24% of all adult deaths from heart disease, 25% from stroke, 43% from chronic obstructive pulmonary disease and 29% from lung cancer are attributable to air pollution. The causal evidence linking these environmental risks to NCDs is irrefutable. In order to immediately address the avoidable burden of disease due to air, water and soil pollution, we call on Member States to:

- 1. Elevate environmental health priorities at the 2018 UN High-level Political Forum: Goals to be reviewed at the HLPF include SDG7 on energy, SDG11 on cities and SDG12 on sustainable consumption presenting a clear opportunity to promote co-benefit solutions such as active and public transport, sustainable diets, management of harmful chemicals, heavy metals, and clean energy. We encourage Member States submitting voluntary national reviews to incorporate environmental health;
- 2. Exercise a comprehensive approach to mitigate the impact of health-harming commodities and commercial determinants of NCDs: This necessitates a comprehensive response across health and environmental priorities, including implementation of fiscal policies commensurate with the threat of health-harming products, regulation to protect against commercial interference, and increased focus on the full life cycle of products, including post-consumption environmental contamination and harmful recycling practices;
- 3. **Prioritise access to clean and safe household fuels:** 3 billion people still do not have access to clean household energy. We encourage Member States to promote the intersectoral action needed to address this issue the leading environmental risk factor for NCDs in low and middle income countries and a major contributor to ambient air and climate pollution.

We look forward to elevating the recognition of air pollution as a risk factor for NCDs in the lead up to the UN HLM. Thank you.

Data source: <u>http://www.who.int/news-room/detail/02-05-2018-9-out-of-10-people-worldwide-breathe-polluted-air-but-more-countries-are-taking-action</u>